

STUDENT'S IDENTITY: _____

EXAMINATION TIME: 2h00

Make sure you leave enough time for proofreading.

No document nor technological devices allowed

TOTAL: _____/60

SECTION 1: LISTENING COMPREHENSION _____/13

A. Recording 1:

- a. Listen to the audio document (twice) and complete the transcript with the missing information from the recording. _____/6.5

It's been _____.

The people of Scotland have decided to continue their 300-year _____ with England. So the UK survives.

Pro-independence campaigners say they're disappointed, but insist the high _____ shows there's an _____ . Few would disagree, and accept the result doesn't mean Britain goes back to _____.

In the hours and days ahead, the Prime Minister David Cameron and the other party leaders will now have to deliver on their promise in the last days of the campaign to give Scotland more powers.

And no-one believes that can be done without a wider _____ of how the rest of the UK is governed.

- b. Vocabulary and Definitions: listen again to the recording and help yourselves with the transcript above-completed to fill in the table below. Give the right words or expressions from the recording (left column) that match the given definition (right column). _____/3

From the recording	Right definitions
	big change
	a very important event happening now
	(phrase) said when things continue in the same way as before
	desire or feeling for change
	the state of being together
	(here) the number of people who go to vote

B. Recording 2: Now watch the video and answer the following questions _____/3.5

a. The video describes Canada as....

- i. One of the world's largest and most liveable countries
- ii. One of the world's richest and most habitable countries
- iii. One of the world's biggest and least habitable countries

b. The video is about....

- i. Canadian people, places and events
- ii. Canadian geography, history, and attractions
- iii. Canadian tourism, history, and festivals

c. Which countries mentioned in the video have close ties with Canada?

- i. The USA and England
- ii. France and the USA
- iii. Britain and France

d. How many people live in Canada?

- i. Around thirty-four million people
- ii. The video doesn't say
- iii. Around forty-three million people

e. True or false? More Canadians live in the countryside than in the city.

- i. True
- ii. False
- iii. The video doesn't say

f. Canada's three largest cities are...

- i. The video doesn't say
- ii. Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver
- iii. Vancouver, Toronto and Quebec

g. True or false? Canada has ten provinces and three territories.

- i. True
- ii. False
- iii. The video doesn't say

SECTION 2: READING COMPREHENSION _____/10

Read about Australia, and then write the questions, based on the text, to these answers! Q=question, A=answer

Australia was first inhabited perhaps 40,000 years ago by aboriginal peoples. During the Age of Exploration, the land was discovered and mapped by many Europeans including the Spanish, Dutch and English. However, Australia wasn't really explored until 1770 when Captain James Cook explored the east coast and claimed it for Great Britain. He named it New South Wales. The first colony was established at Sydney by Captain Arthur Phillip on January 26, 1788. It was initially considered a penal colony. This was because many of the first settlers were criminals. Britain would sometimes send their criminals to the penal colony rather than jail. Oftentimes, the crimes that people committed were small or even made up to get rid of unwanted citizens. Slowly, more and more of the settlers were not convicts. Sometimes you will still hear people refer to Australia as being started by a penal colony. Six colonies were formed in Australia: New South Wales, 1788; Tasmania, 1825; Western Australia, 1829; South Australia, 1836; Victoria, 1851; and Queensland, 1859. These same colonies later became the states of the Australian Commonwealth. On January 1, 1901 the British Government passed an act to create the Commonwealth of Australia. In 1911, the Northern Territory became part of the Commonwealth. The first federal Parliament was opened at Melbourne in May 1901 by the Duke of York. Later, in 1927, the center of government and parliament moved to the city of Canberra. Australia took part in both World War I and World War II allied with Great Britain and the United States.

Q1:

A1: 40,000 years ago

Q2:

A2: aboriginal peoples did.

Q3:

A3: 1770

Q4:

A4: because many of the first settlers were criminals.

Q5:

A5: in May 1901

Q6:

A6: at Sydney

Q7:

A7: Captain Arthur Phillip

Q8:

A8: to the city of Canberra

Q9:

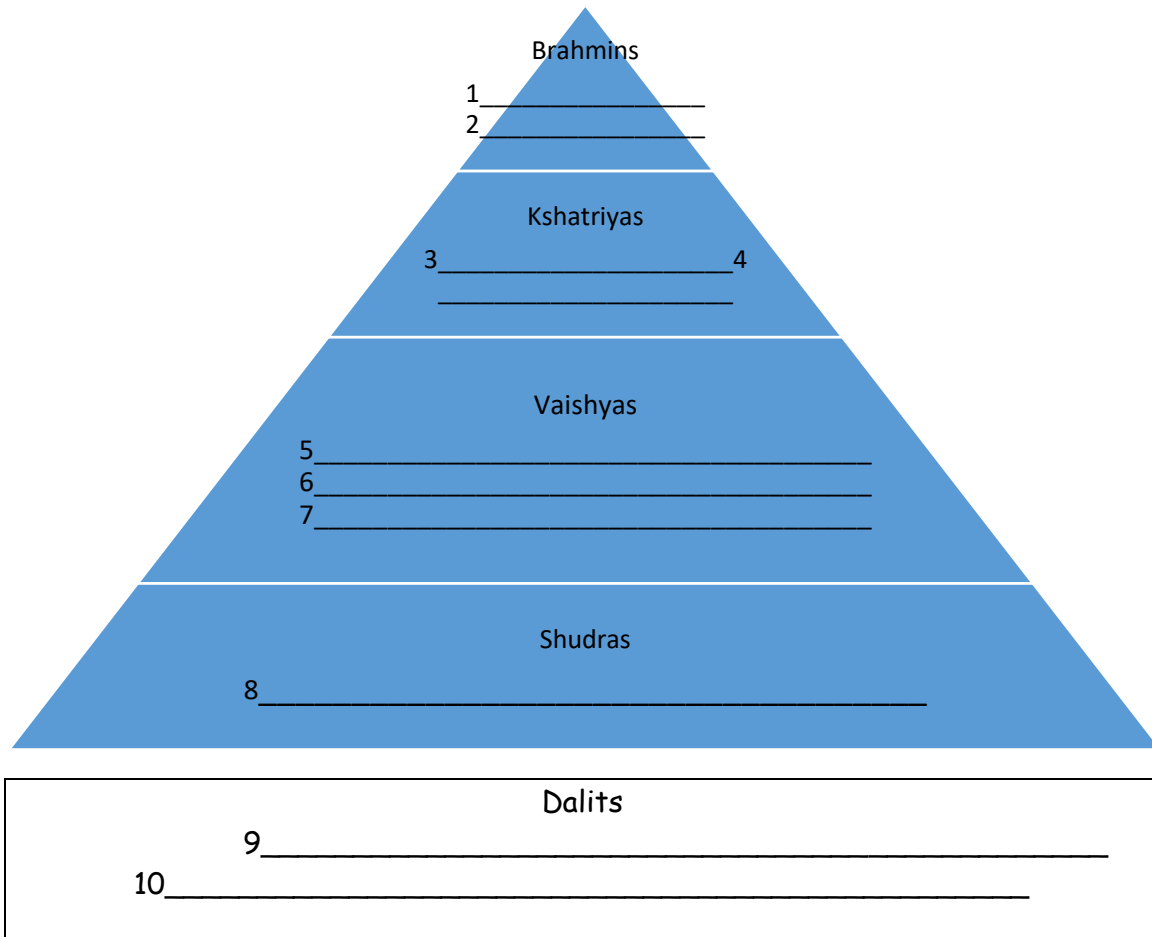
A9: On January 1, 1901

Q10:

A10: 1825

SECTION 3: GENERAL QUESTIONS _____/17

1. Complete this diagram of the cast system in India with the corresponding social categories/classes (professions) that are missing _____/5



2. How and when did the history of the English language start?/0.5
- With the invasion of 3 Germanic tribes in the 5th century
 - With the invasion of the Vikings
 - With the invasion of the Angles in the 5th century
 - With the invasion of the Germans in the 5th century
3. Welsh, Irish, Breton, Gaelic and Scots are Celtic languages/0.5
- True
 - False
4. The Gaelic for whisky is Uisge Beatha. What is its literal meaning?/0.5
- Spirit of Scotland
 - Water of Life
 - Heart-warming liquid
 - Good Health

5. In the Scots language what does it mean to 'haver'?/0.5
 - a. Talk nonsense
 - b. Brood in silence
 - c. To boast
 - d. Talk profoundly
6. When did Ireland ceased to be part of the United Kingdom?/0.5
 - a. 1922
 - b. 1970
 - c. 1945
 - d. 1900

7. What was "plantation policy" in Ireland?/1

8. When was the Easter Uprising and what effect did it have on the efforts for Irish independence?/1

9. South Africa divides its governmental power among three capitals. There is a judicial capital, an administrative capital and a legislative capital. Which one of the following is the judicial capital of South Africa?/0.5

- a. Durban
- b. Pretoria
- c. Johannesburg
- d. Bloemfontein
- e. Cape Town

10. How many official languages does South Africa have?/0.5

- a. 9
- b. 17
- c. 4
- d. 11
- e. 2

11. Where does the name Nigeria come from?/0.5

- a. Niger (the country)
- b. Niger river
- c. The Niger tribe

12. What is the capital city of Nigeria?/0.5

- a. Abuja

- b. Nairobi
 - c. Lagos
 - d. Jos
13. In New Zealand, What is "Te Papa"?/0.5
- a. Our place
 - b. A boat
 - c. A river
 - d. A museum
14. How many official languages does New Zealand have?/0.5
- a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
15. What is the meaning of New Zealand's Maori name, Aotearoa?/0.5
- a. Land of the Long White Cloud
 - b. Land of the Green Hills
 - c. Land of the Splendid Mountains
16. Grab your bathers and let us head to the beach! What does "bathers" mean in Australia?/0.5
- a. Beach chairs
 - b. Sandals
 - c. Sunglasses
 - d. Bathing suit
17. What is the capital city of Australia?/0.5
-
18. The Indian subcontinent is the birthplace of four of the world's major religions. Besides Hinduism and Buddhism, what are the other two?/1
-
19. How many times has the province of Quebec voted to decide whether or not it wanted to separate from Canada and become an independent country, when and what outcome(s)?/1.5
-
-
-
-
-
-
20. Who first wrote down the early legends and oral culture of Ireland?/0.5
-

SECTION 4: WRITING _____/20

Suggest a coherent, structured and argumentative commentary of the followings named: "Is Caste the Basis for everything?", by Shreya A Tiwari in her personal blog: *THE WOMAN2407*, August 2016.

Do not separate the content from the form and do not separate the documents when commenting upon.

Do write not less than 200 words and not more than 300 words.

